

Code for the Marketing of Health Products

Roadmap 2013

Dr Haseena Gani Executive Officer SAAPRA, Midrand, 7th June 2013

marketing code authority

A new era has dawned...







Bad Ad Program FDA Aims to Keep Drug Promotion Truthful



T f you watch talevision. surf the Web, or read a magazine, you've likely seen prescription drug advertisements. Drug conquoies geomete their products to consumers through these and other media.

their products to health care profesractivité places such as doctors' offices. hospitals, physicacies, and a medical

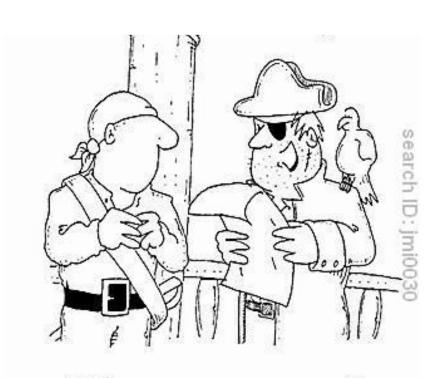
nouly theorems on math on advertioning to be of the "End Ail Program." Through do advertising to consumers, according to the Congressional Budget Office.

health care professionals valuable information about the latest drug meannests. But when drug promo-tion is misleading or unbalanced, stocals in other ways. Representatives the Food and Drug Administration growing them with an easy way to from drug ferms studied their prod. (FDA) takes the necessary steps to report this activity to the agency." stop the promotion.

On May 11, 1916, Commissioner The pharmacouried industry spends - Dung, 16 D., sent a letter to bealth-care this new outreach initiative. FDA is saking these professionals to belp it Responsible promotional efforts by make smother-the promotion of pre-pharmaceutical companion our give scription drags is traibful and no scription drags to truthful and not

misleafing.
"This program will help health-care perfectionals accognity mideading prescription drug promotion and says Thomas Abrama, director of





"They want us to set up a self regulating body."

What is the MCA?

- Marketing Code Authority
- Independent self regulatory enforcement organisation for the Code
- Set up as legal entity ('juristic body')
- Members of the MCA are the companies, not the associations
- Associations are key stakeholders



Structure

MCA Board

Key decision makers

Legal Entity

Manage Finances

Recruitment

Code Technical
Advisory
Committee

Technical specifications

Content of Code

Marketing
Code
Authority

Executive Officer & Assistant

Day to day running of MCA



7 June 2013

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Principles of the Code

Accurate information

Industry image

Legal, regulatory & professional requirements

Ethical marketing and promotion of health products

Fair Competition Access to products & info

Independence of HCPs

7 June 2

Scope of the Code

Complementary

Marketing Code

Innovative medicines

Generic Medicines

Rx and OTC

Veterinary

Devices

In vitro diagnostics

MCA Aligned members

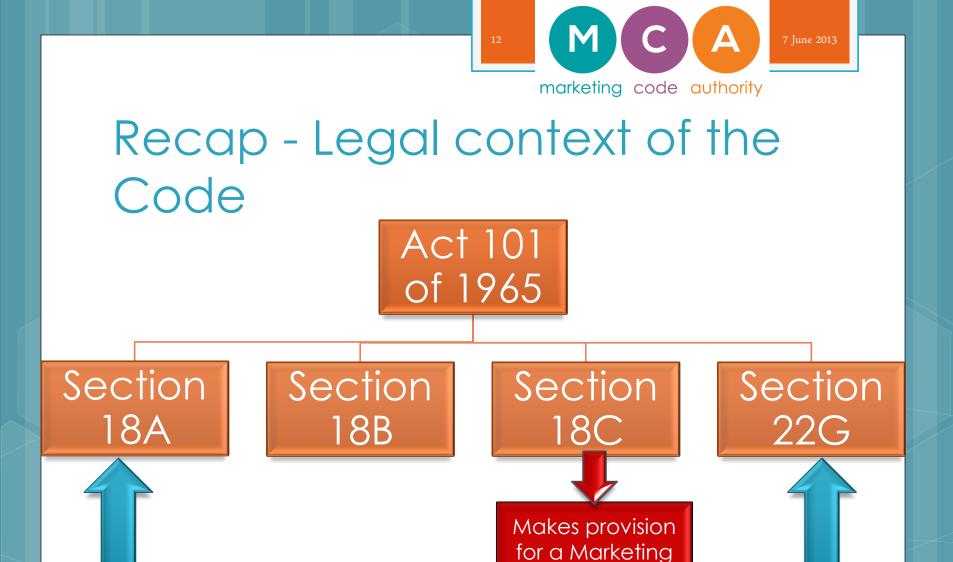
- 1. INNOVATIVE PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOC. OF SA (IPASA)
- 2. NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF PHARMACEUTICAL MANUFACTURERS (NAPM)
- 3. PHARMACEUTICALS MADE IN SA (PHARMISA)
- 4. SELF-MEDICATION MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION OF SA (SMASA)
- 5. THE SOUTH AFRICAN ANIMAL HEALTH ASSOCIATION (SAAHA)
- 6. SOUTH AFRICAN MEDICAL DEVICE INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION (SAMED)
- 7. SOUTHERN AFRICAN LABORATORY DIAGNOSTICS ASSOCIATION (SALDA)

Support for the initiative and enforcement

- 1. PHARMACEUTICAL WHOLESALERS AND DISTRIBUTORS
- 2. PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY OF SOUTHERN AFRICA (PSSA)
- 3. HPCSA, SAMA, DoH, SAAPRA, SAPC



Does the Code have 'teeth'?



Legal gaps identified

Code will not resolve or eliminate issues around perversities in the market

Code

Code and guidelines authority

Part A

 Marketing & promotion of health products to healthcare professionals

Part B

 Marketing & promotion of health products to consumers

Part C

Medical Devices &IVDs

Part D

Code Enforcement

Guidelines



Code Journey



A world first...

Mar 2012 -Constitution

May 2011 - Agreed MoU

Oct 2010 – Agreed version of the Code

Feb 2010 – Interim Board of the MCA

2009 - SAMED & SALDA join

July 2007 – Marketing Steering Committee

Milestones achieved

- First AGM (September 2012) held with over 200 industry people attending, including HPCSA, SAPC, PSSA, SAMA
- September 2012 new board of MCA appointed
- EO appointed in January 2013
- **SGM** (Mar 2013) to revise Constitution (NPC)
- Hosted IFPMA meeting in March 2013
- Enforcement Structure initiated on 02 May 2013
- Trained Panelists



30th May 2013

Milestone Achieved - cont

- Code & Guidelines –update is imminent
- Consolidated, current membership list & fee methodology is underway
- Website vendor selected & project plan is underway
- Proposed changes to the Constitution reviewed by the Board in anticipation of AGM in Q3/Q4
- Appointed part-time EA





Four Key Actions

Special General Meeting 13th March

Complaints
Process

2nd May

Website Q3 Certification End Q3



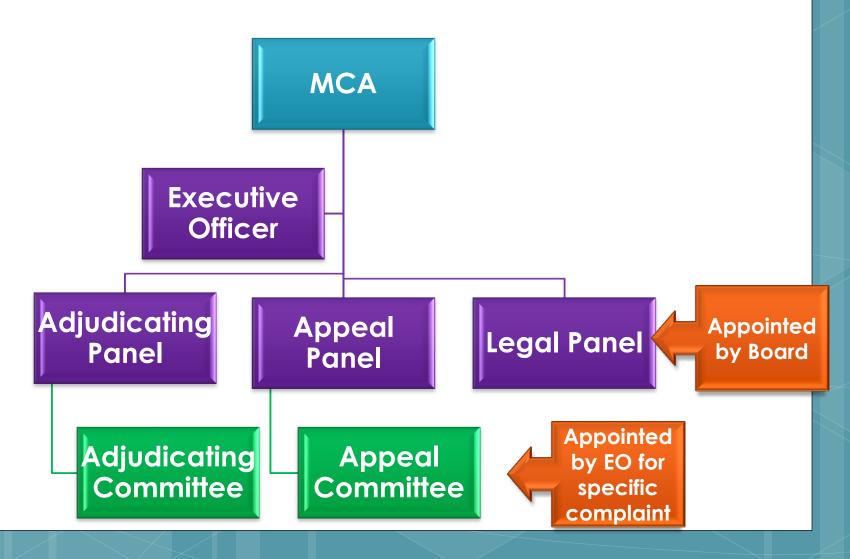
Code Enforcement

Principles

- Transparency
- Fairness
- Defined timelines
- Opportunity for recourse



Enforcement Structure



Panels

EXPERTISE

- Adjudication and Appeals = 34
- Legal=8
- Expertise in marketing, medical & regulatory affairs
- Good representation from the different sectors

UPDATE

- Briefing sessions
- Indemnity
- SLA completed
- NDA/conflict of interest prior to each matter
- Continuous development

Adjudicating / Appeal Panels

- 12 members minimum
- Eligible to serve for max 5 years
- Executive Board can re-appoint person in its sole discretion for a period they determine
- Panel members appointed to committee by EO (committee quorum is 3)
- Cannot simultaneously serve on both panels

Legal Panel

- Attorneys and/or advocates of at least 5 years standing in SA
- Substantial experience in health products market and/or health products industry matters
- Serve until resignation



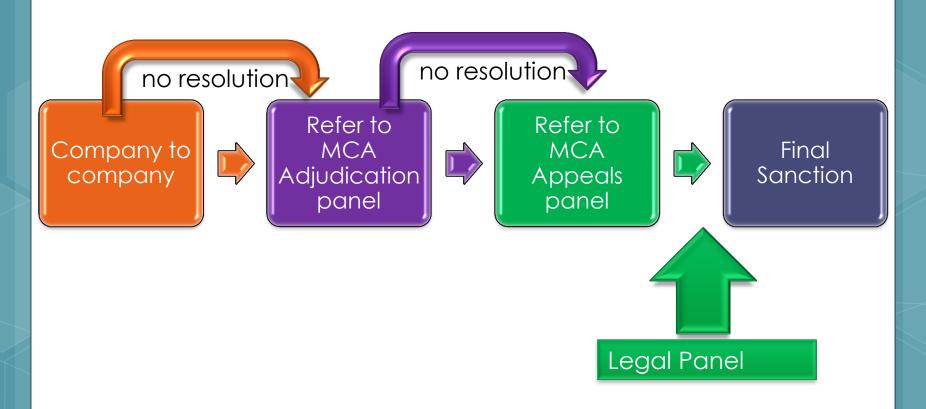
Fee for complaints

Lodging R2 500 to MCA

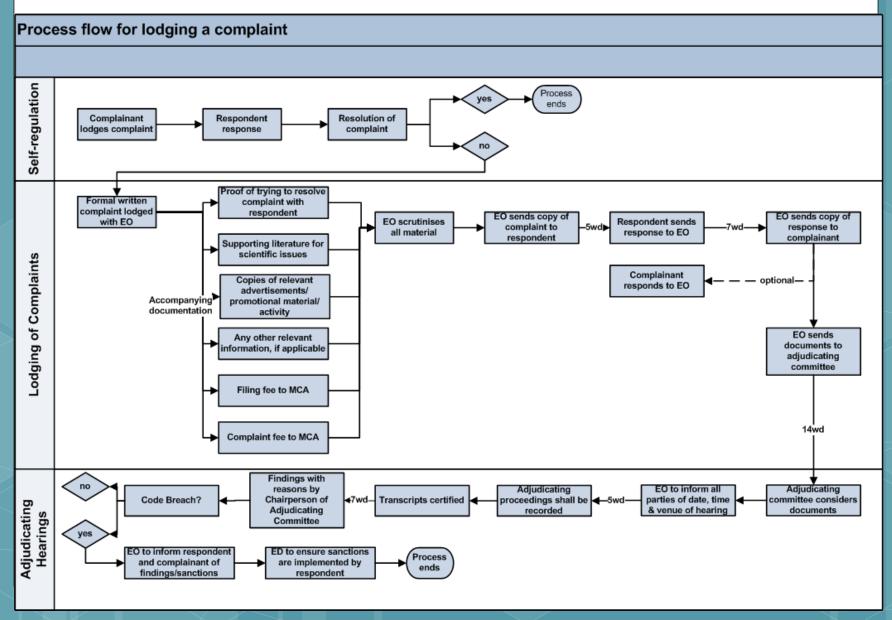
Fees

Adjudication R 20k Appeal R 65 k

Process flow for complaints



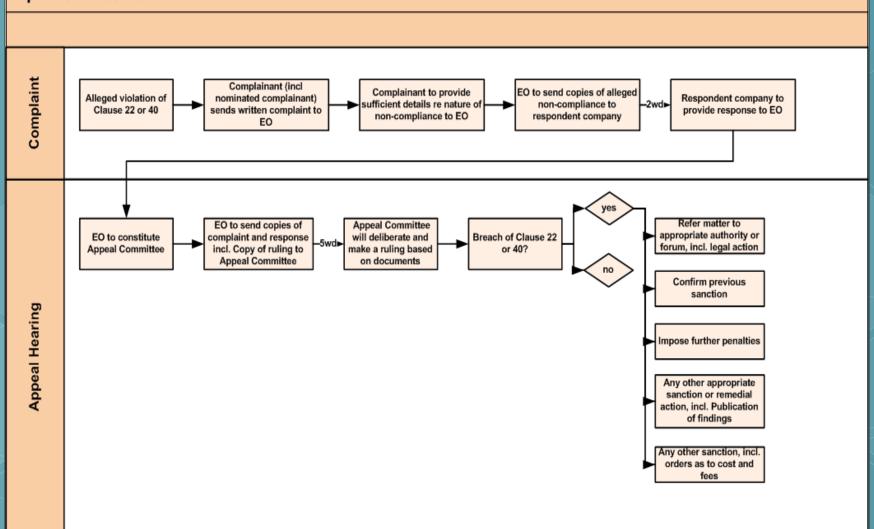
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Appeal Process EO makes copies of MCA provides copy of Appellant (respondent or Respondent send written adjudicating proceedings Respondents response complainant) gives written Complaint finding by response to EO available to Appellant to Appellant notice to EO Appeal adjudicating 'Notice of Appeal' committee 5wd Lodging an EO can review timeline To accompany notice EO advises other party (respondent) that appeal has been lodged & provide Appeal fee to EO copies of adjudicating proceedings EO makes copies of EQ to make recording of Appeals Committee Chairperson to ensure EO to inform all parties Chairperson to certify Appeal Hearings hearing & note outcome proceedings are of date, time & venue of |14wdrecords to Appeal of appeal transcripts transcribed hearing Committee If no satisfactory outcome-Outcome can be EO to ensure sanctions published on MCA are implemented website refers to Process DoH ends

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Expedited Process



Sanctions: Principles

- Nature and extent of the activity/material
- Breadth of activity or campaign
- Length of time material is in use
- Number and type of breach
- Circumstances in which the activity took place

Sanctions

• Minor





- Moderate
- Serious
- Severe
- Fines not paid
- Corrective Action not implemented
- Repeated Breaches
- Multiple breaches
- Invalid / unjustified / vexatious complaints
- Bringing the Code into disrepute

Corrective Action



- Immediate withdrawal of material/activity
- Written reprimand
- Publication of corrective advertisement,
- Issue a corrective letter to healthcare professionals/public

Fines / Timelines

- R 6 R300K
- 30 -60 days





Four Key Actions

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2nd May

Website Q3 Certification End Q3

Website Phase I

- Basic public website
- Downloadable documents
- Complaints process & associated forms

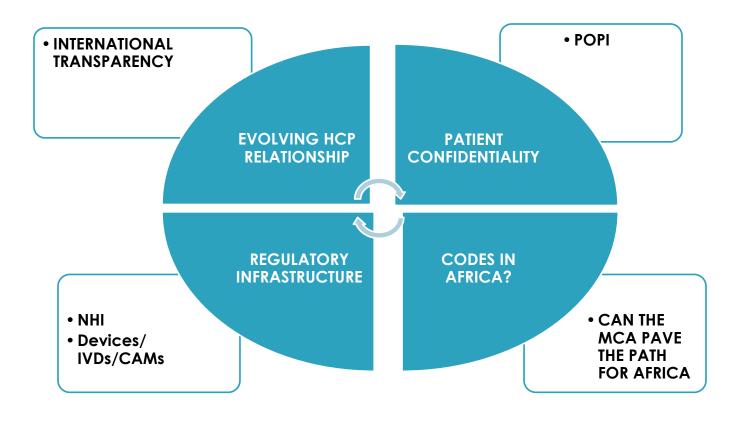
Website Phase II

- Assessment, certification & online payment gateway
- Intranet for authorised members to share documents
- Links to international compliance websites
- ?Resuscitate the e-learning / training manual

So what can you expect for 2013?

- 1. New version of the Code & Guidelines
- 2. Digital presence
- 3. Certification process implemented
- Case outcomes summarised on the website
- 5. Panels 'sharpen their saw'
- 6. AGM in Q3/4 Constitution revised

Future







SO I GOT A SECOND SYNDROME TO SLAP ME AT RANDOM INTERVALS. 6

YOU SHOULD USE by UFS, 'or who has less-CTIVE PHARMACEU-/Dist. TICAL REPS IN HIS TERRITORY. Adams



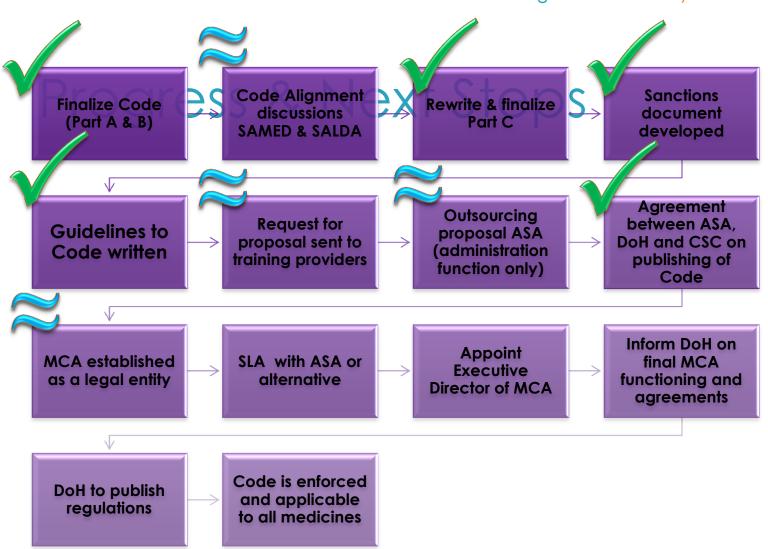
Thank you kindly... Any Questions?



BACKUP



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Training vendor –IP concerns

- Distribution control of the Content
- Helpdesk
- Domain registration
- Registration procedure
- Platform for assessment and certification
- Website hosting & maintenance
- Programme maintenance & CD duplication

th March 2013

MCA dispensing advisory opinions with respect to interpretation of the Code

- An increasing demand from companies for "nonbinding"advisory opinions from the MCA
- Currently the Code does not make provision for, or regulate, the furnishing of non-binding, advisory opinions by the MCA. Accordingly, the status of these advisory opinions (ie the extent to which the advice contained therein is binding on the MCA or the parties requesting them), may be unclear.

Considerations

- Revise the Code
- Clearly stipulate 'guidance', non-binding.
 Limitation of liability clause
- Resources & competence of those providing the opinion
- Procedural aspects
- Avoiding divergent views from the same competent authority ie. Adjudication outcome vs. opinion

Considerations

- The Code be amended in order to regulate the process of providing advisory opinion, as well as to indicate the status (whether binding or non-binding) of such advisory opinions
- That the so-called advisory opinions are for guidance purposes only and are not binding on the MCA (including the persons furnishing it), and that persons relying on the advice do so at their own risk. A limitation of liability clause should be considered
- That the opinions are formulated on the basis of the facts disclosed to the MCA at the time; and that, should the facts change in any way, the MCA may revise its position
- Even if these advisory opinions are provided on a "non-binding" basis, persons will tend to place reliance on advisory opinions received from the MCA, which is a competent authority
- Procedural aspects should also be set out in the code, ie that a party seeking an advisory opinion is required to submit a written request outlining the facts in question, the contact details for the submission of the letter should be included, as well as the fee payable by the

party (if any) should also be set out. The estimated time in which the

Considerations

- Accordingly, in the event that the MCA adjudicating committee subsequently sought to prosecute a company for a contravention of the Code, arising from the company's reliance, in good faith, on an advisory opinion of the MCA which turns out to be incorrect, it is our view that the company in question should not be penalised for having relied on the advisory opinionin good faith
- Sufficient resources should be allocated to ensuring that there
- are sufficient qualified persons to provide the advisory opinions, and ensuring that the persons who furnish advisory opinions are properly equipped and trained to do so. A review process
- should also be set up, so that an advisory opinion can be assessed at various stages by different persons at the MCA before it is finalised.



COMPLAINTS' PROCESS

- Constitution -Clause 11
 - Process as per the slides
 - 'hearings' at adjudication & appeal levels
- Part D- Provision for Enforcement of the Code Clause 48 – 59
 - Lodging, Hearings and Powers of the adjudication and appeals committees
- Guidelines to Part D Clause 1-5 & associated process flows
- Alignment & best practice from IFPMA, ASA